

 $\overset{\text{TENTH EDITION}}{2013}$ 

Keeping Track of New York City's Children



#### Who we are



Since 1944, Citizens'
Committee for Children of New York, Inc. (CCC) has convened, informed, and mobilized New Yorkers to make the city a better place for children.

CCC has spent the last seven decades developing and refining an approach to child advocacy that is fact-based.



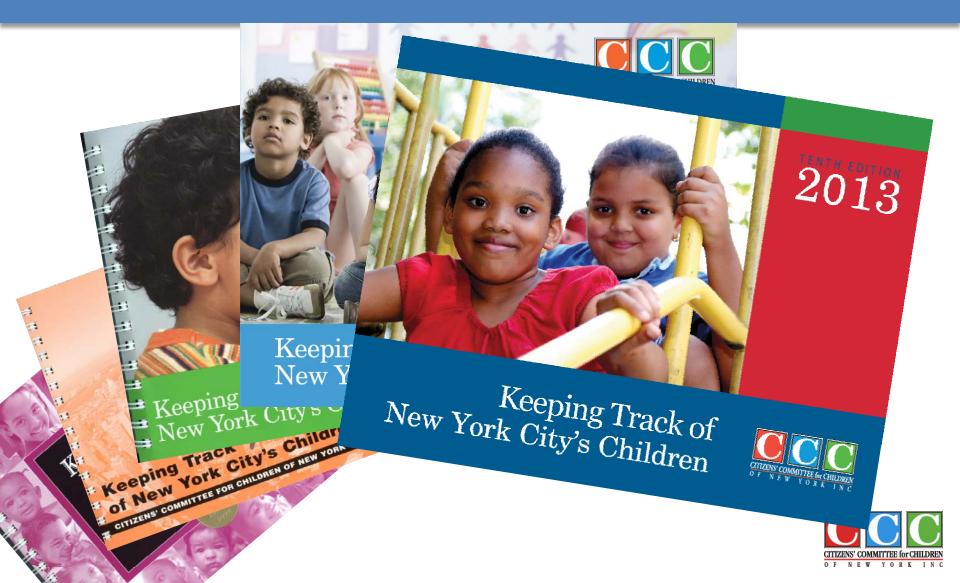
#### Our Mission

#### CCC's mission is to ensure that every New York child is healthy, housed, educated and safe.

- All children must have access to quality health and mental health services.
- ✓ All children must have access to stable and safe homes.
- ✓ All children must have access to quality early childhood education, education and after school programs.
- ✓ All children must be safe in their homes, communities and schools.
- All children must reside in economically secure households.
- All children must have access to healthy, affordable food.



### KT's 10<sup>th</sup> edition also marks the 20<sup>th</sup> year of our database.



#### Keeping Track of NYC's children

- Includes over 400 measures of child wellbeing
- Across NYC's five boroughs and 59 community districts
- Each data point in Keeping Track provides information about some aspect of what life is like for children in New York City





### KT tracks child well-being across multiple dimensions.



**Demographics** 



**Economic Conditions** 



**Housing & Community** 



Health



Early Care



Education



Youth & Youth Services



Child Welfare



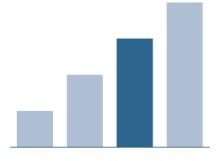
## KT provides multiple lenses through which to examine child well-being in NYC.



KT provides a snapshot of child well-being



KT tracks indicators over time



KT compares indicators across geographies and demographic groups

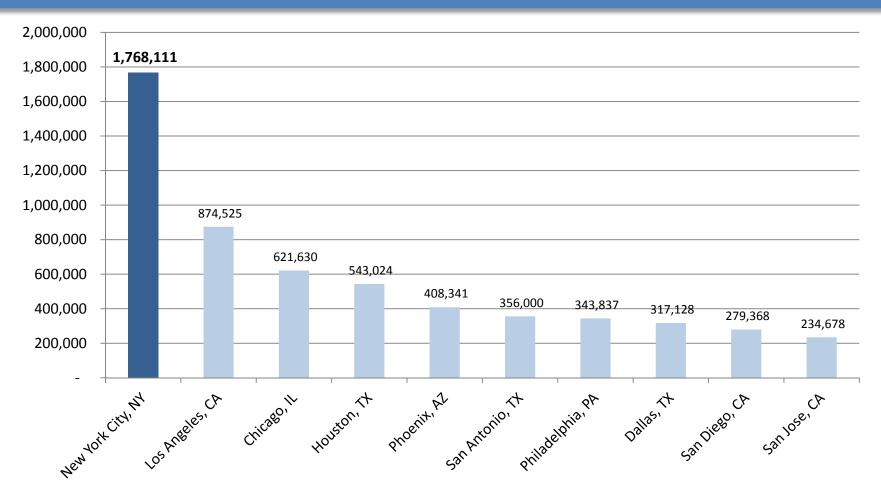




**Keeping Track** 

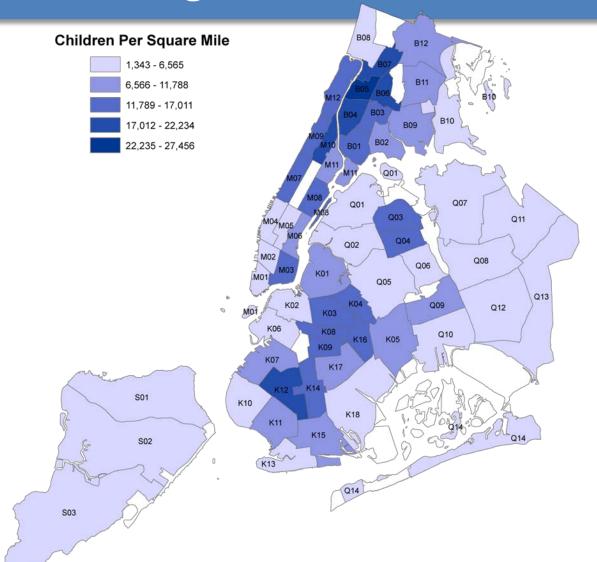
#### WHO ARE NYC'S CHILDREN?

#### NYC is home to nearly 2 million children.



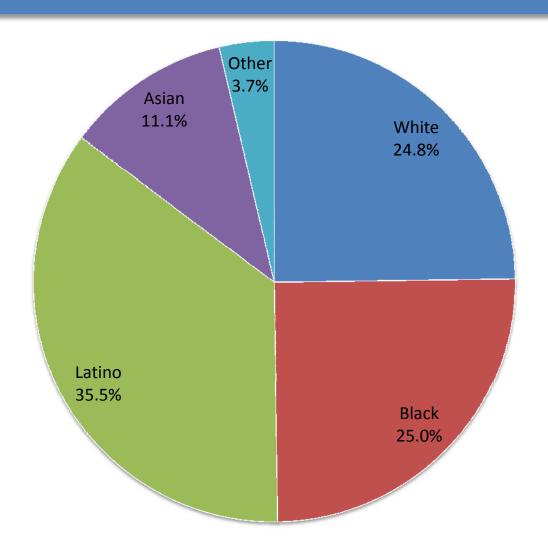


## NYC's children live in densely populated neighborhoods.



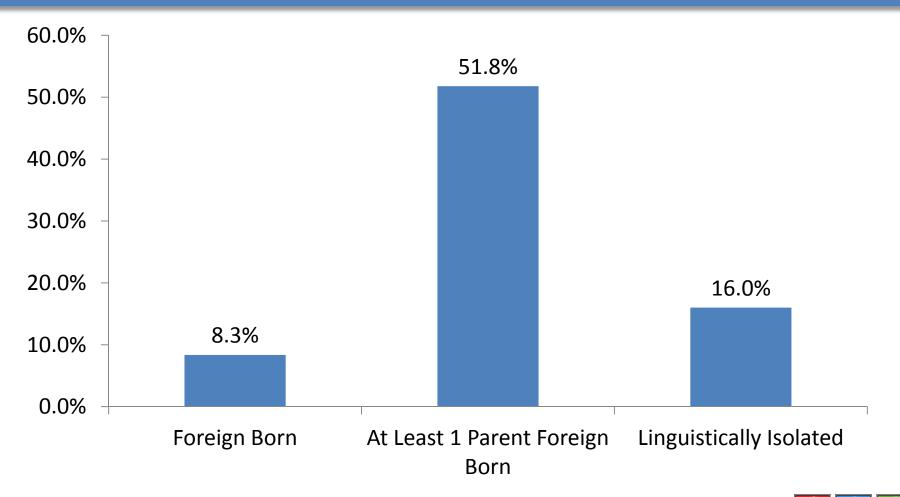


# NYC's children are racially and ethnically diverse.



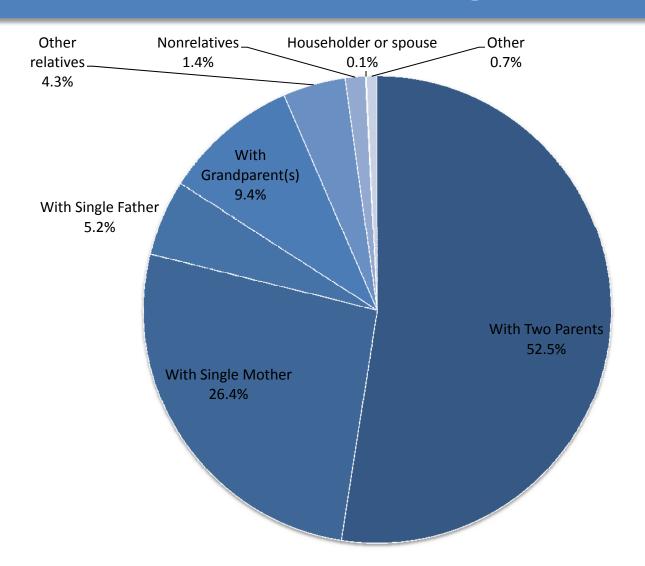


#### NYC's children are culturally diverse.





## NYC's children live in a variety of family and other settings.







**Keeping Track** 

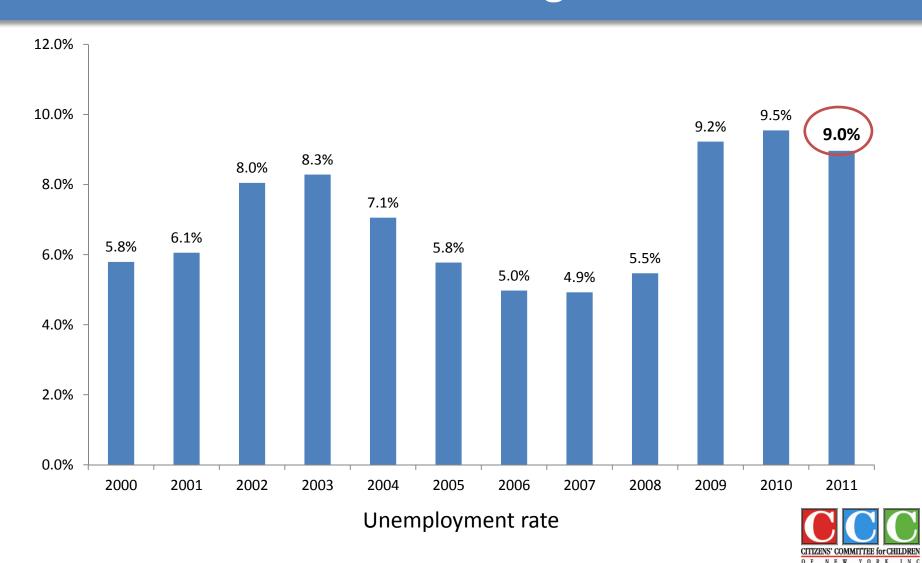
# HOW ARE NYC'S CHILDREN FARING?

#### The latest data

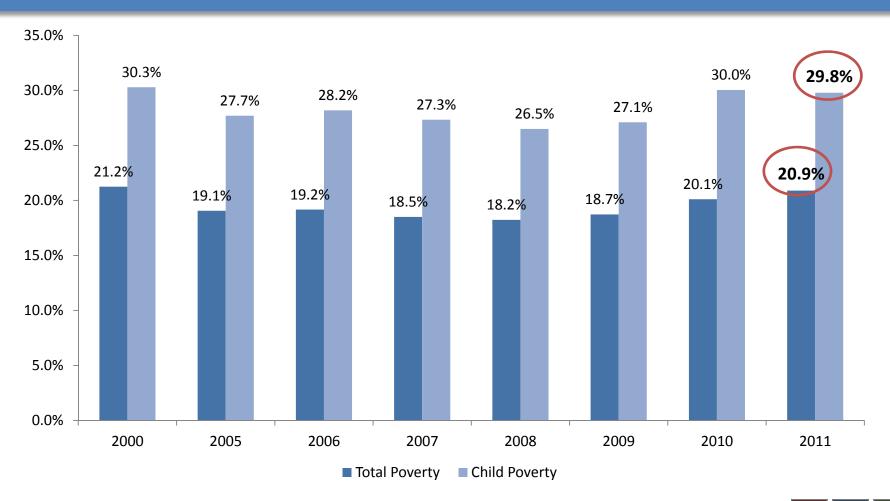
- Impacts of the recession continued to be felt
- Progress has been made in some areas
- Profound racial/ethnic and geographic disparities exist



### Unemployment rate has started to decline but is still high.

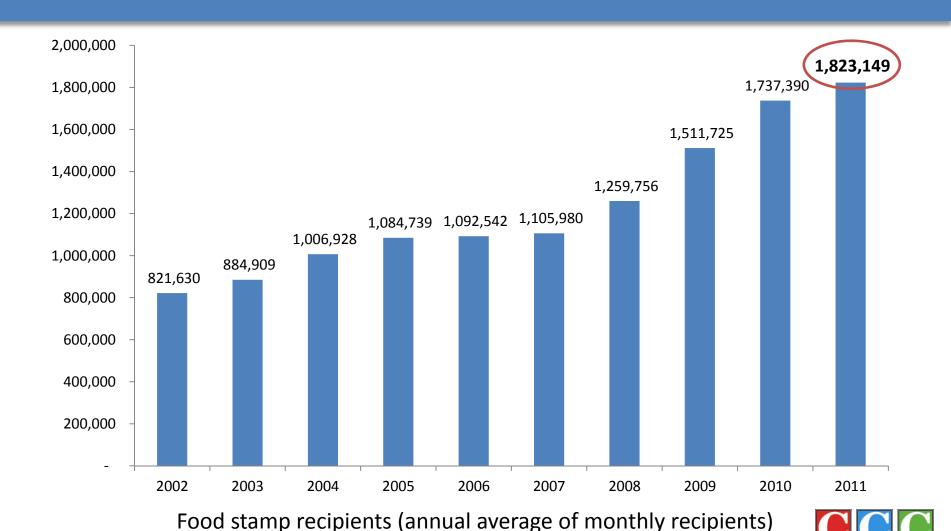


### Poverty rates are back up to levels comparable to 2000.

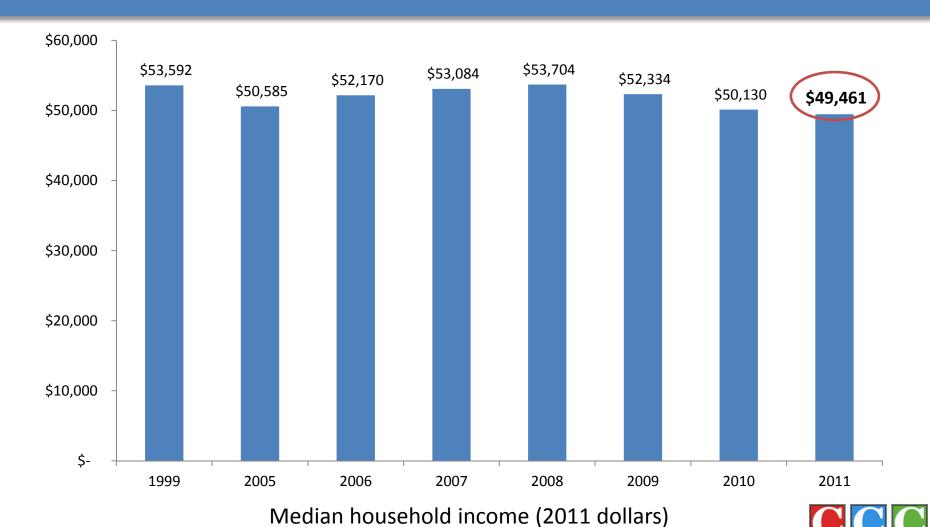




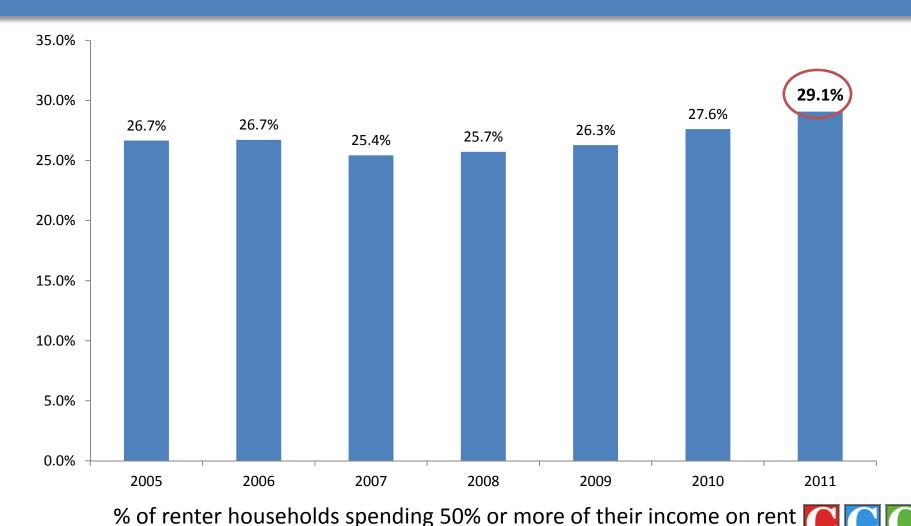
#### More people are relying on food stamps.



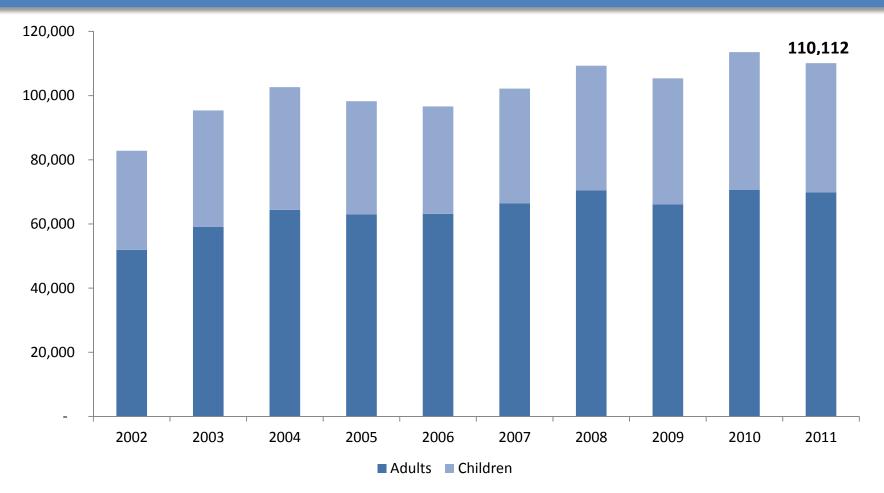
### The average NYC household earned less in 2011 than in 1999.



### More households are spending the majority of their income on rent.



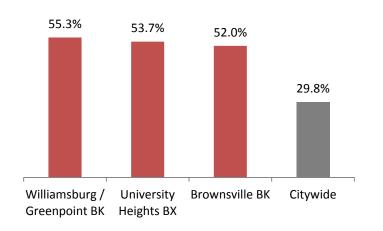
#### Homeless populations are at record highs.





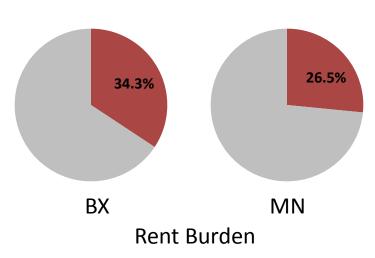


### Within some communities and populations the situation is even more stark.

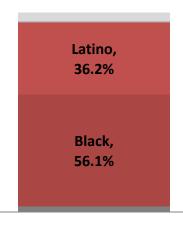


\$70,971 \$33,928 White Latino

Child Poverty







Homelessness

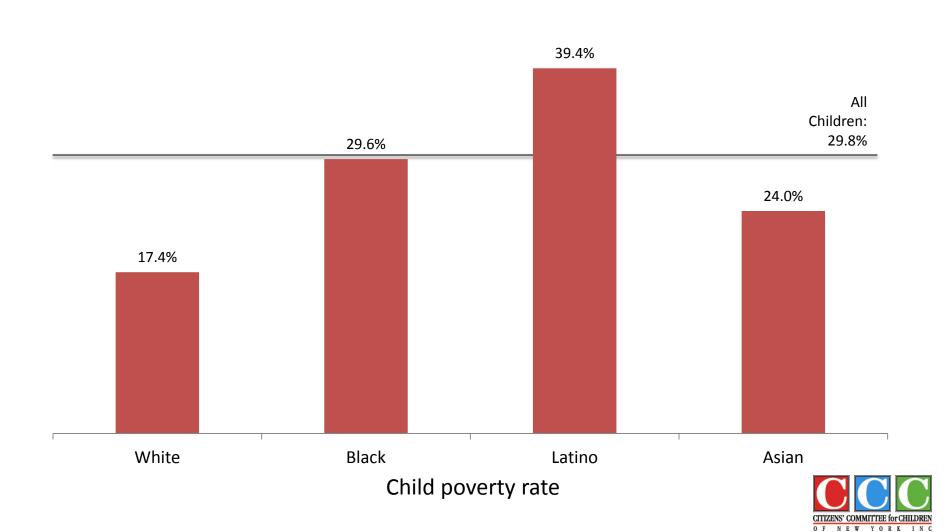


#### 1 in 3 NYC children lives in poverty.

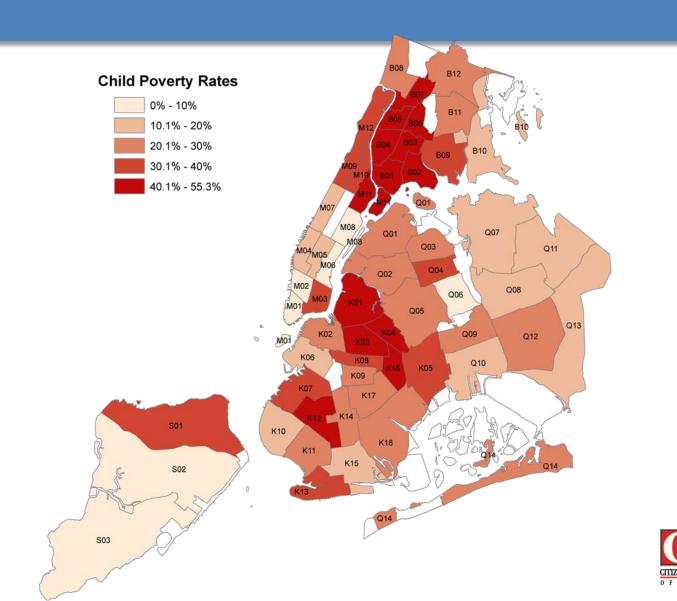




#### Child poverty by race/ethnicity



#### Child poverty by Community District



#### Despite the bad news... there is hope.

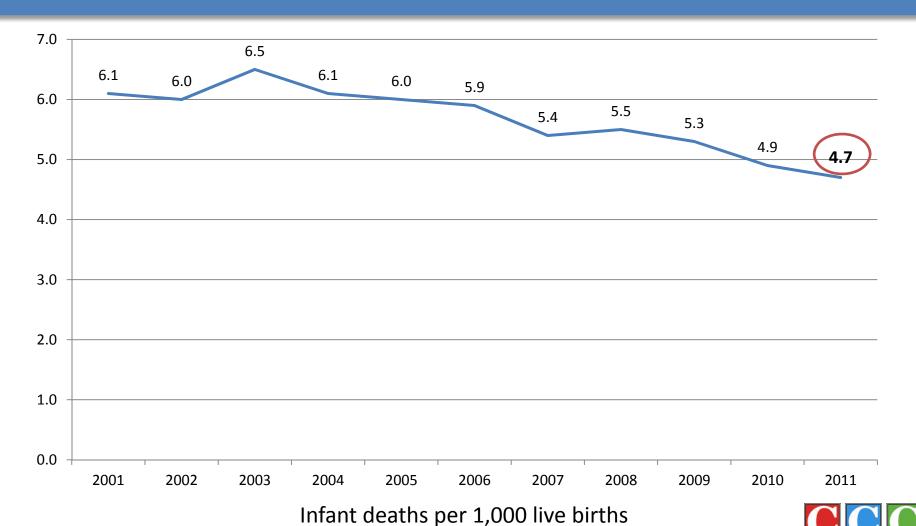


Citywide data show positive results in child outcomes from recent priority initiatives

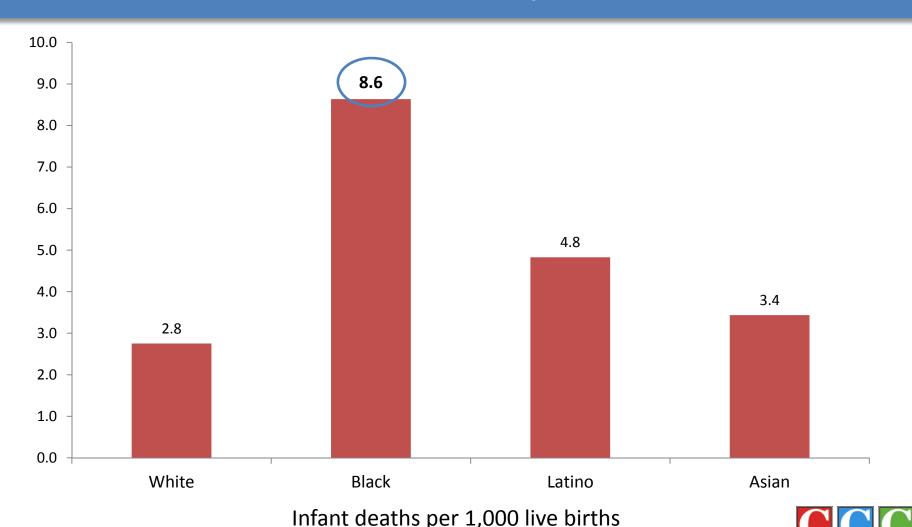
- Public Health
- Education
- Child Welfare
- Juvenile Justice



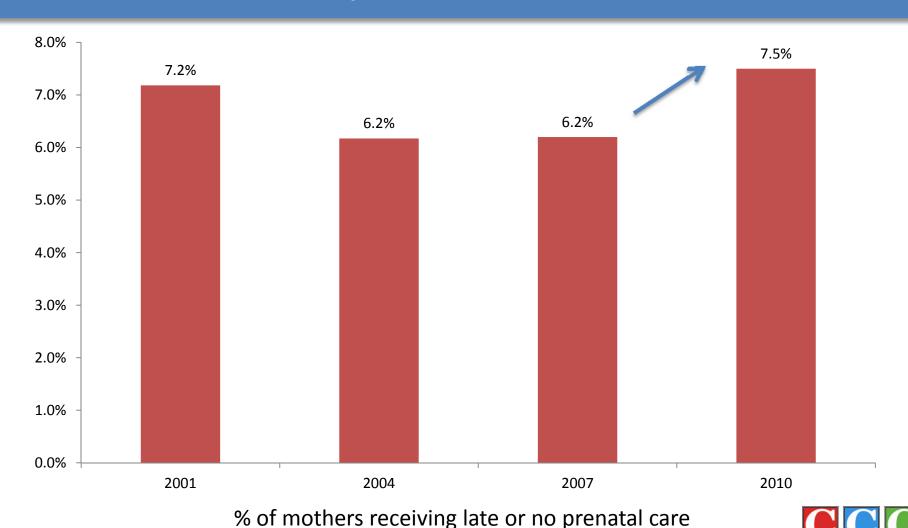
# Infant mortality rate continues to decline.



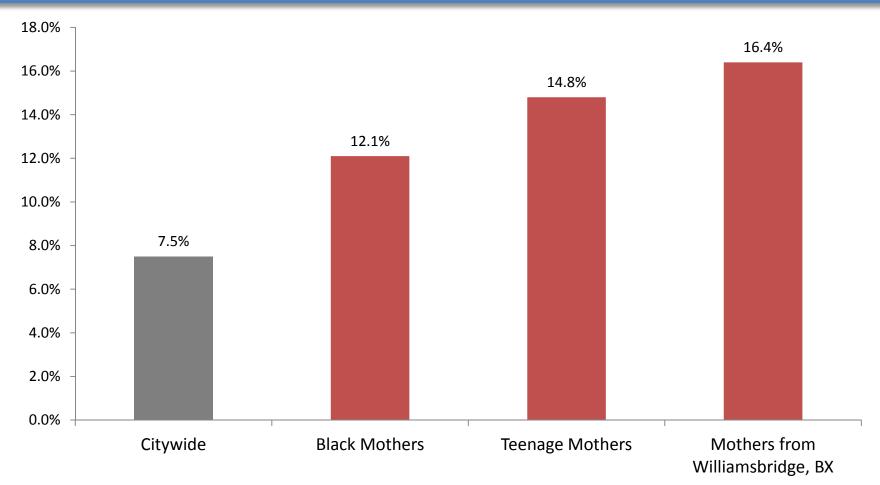
## Yet racial/ethnic disparities in infant mortality exist.



## There are also troubling trends emerging in prenatal care.



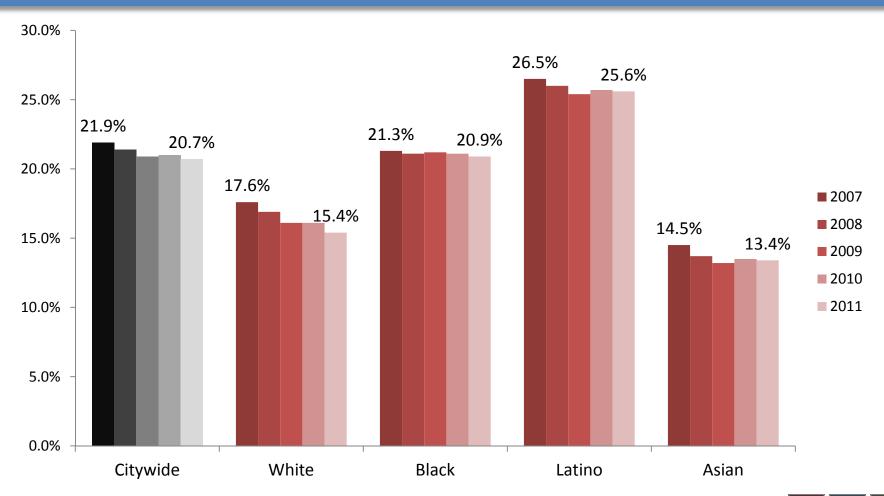
### Some populations are at higher risk of not receiving adequate prenatal care.



% of mothers receiving late or no prenatal care

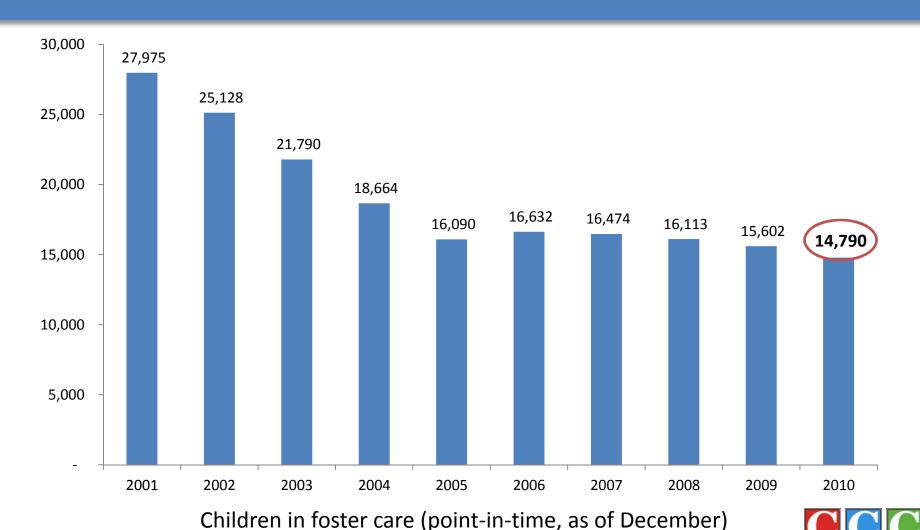


### We see uneven progress in obesity rates among public elementary and middle school children.

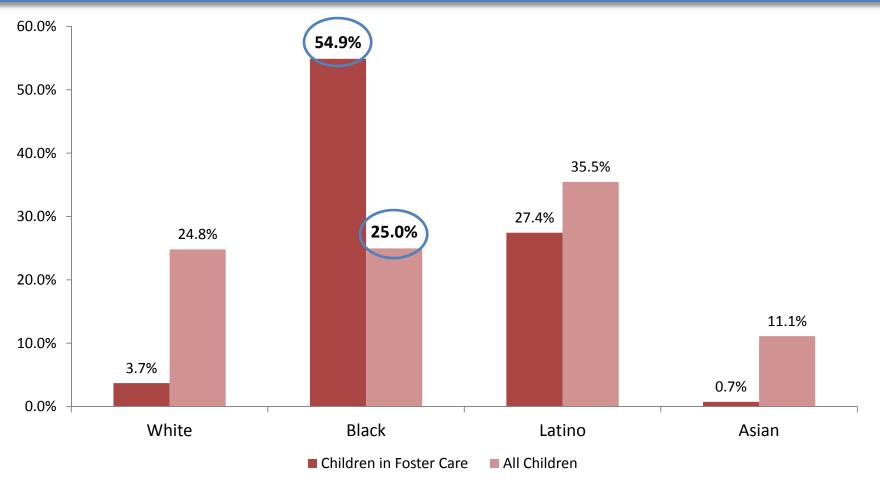




### We see record low numbers of children in foster care.



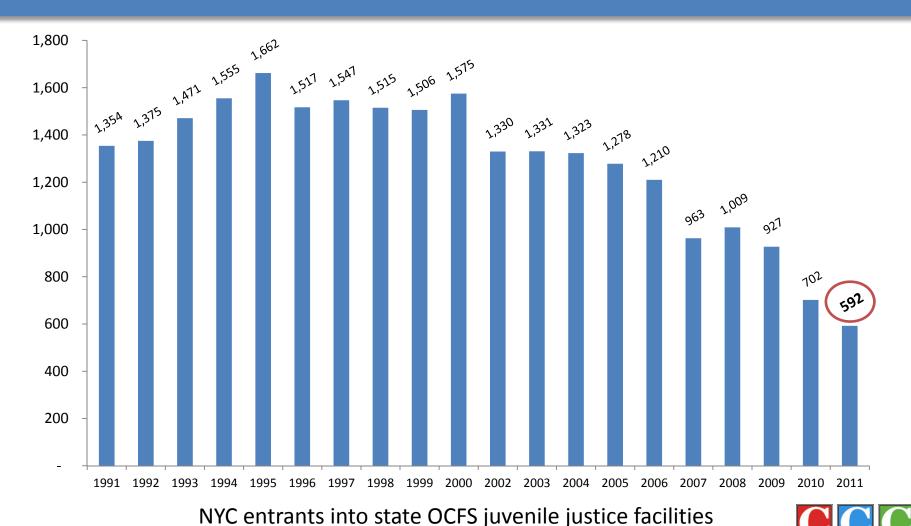
### But some populations remain at greater risk of placement.



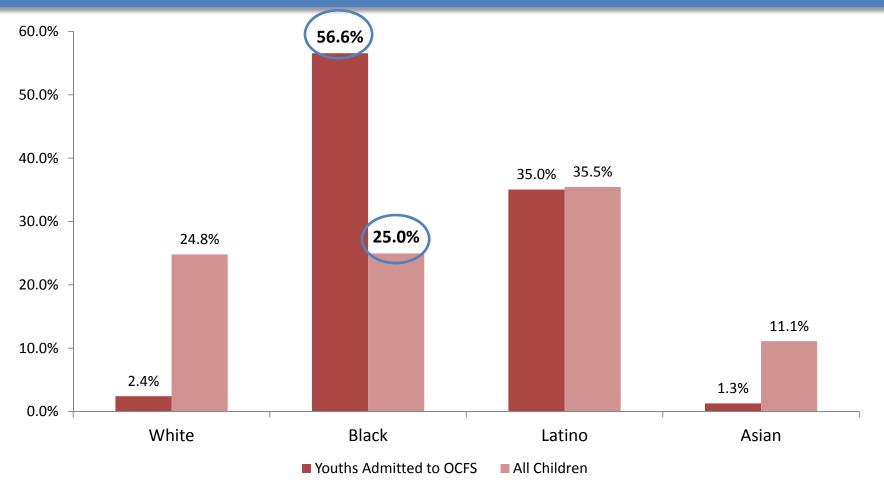




## Fewer NYC children are being placed in state juvenile justice facilities.



#### But Black children continue to be overrepresented in the state juvenile justice population.







### Recent reforms made to children's early education programs and after school programs



Out-of-School Time (OST) – 2004

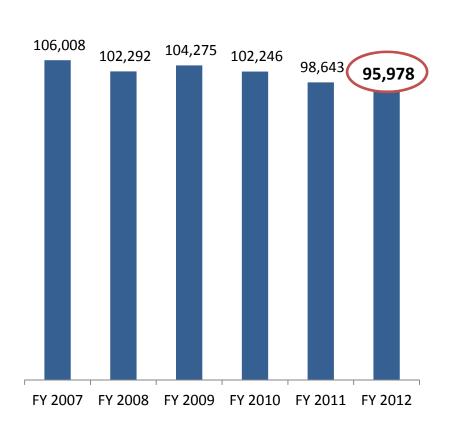


Early Learn – 2012

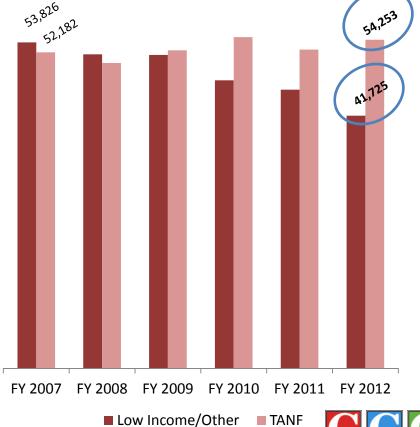


### Subsidized child care enrollment has declined.

#### **Subsidized Child Care Enrollment**



#### **Enrollment by Eligibility**

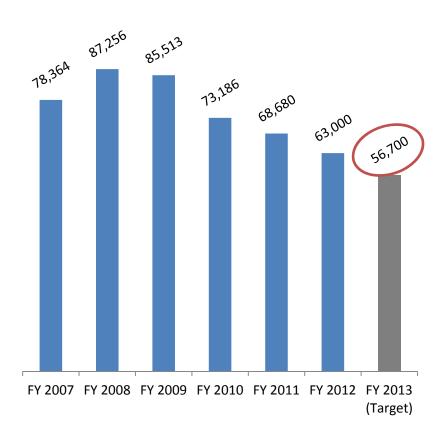


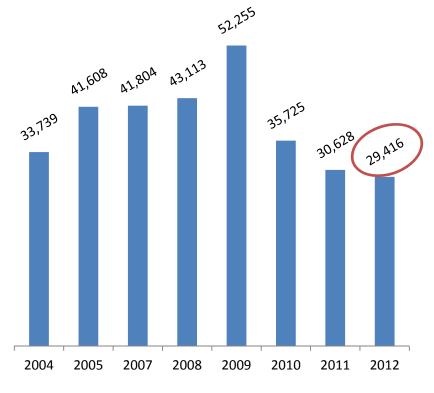


# Enrollment in other important youth programs has also shrunk.

#### **After School**

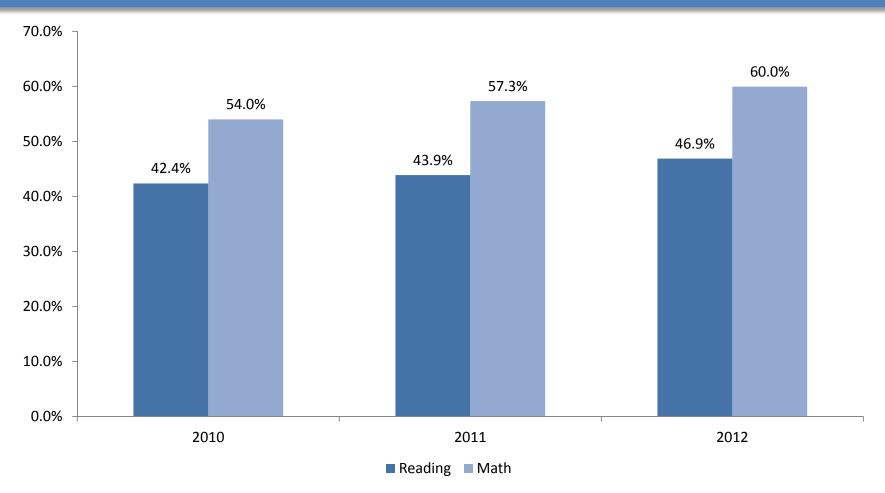
#### **Summer Youth Employment**







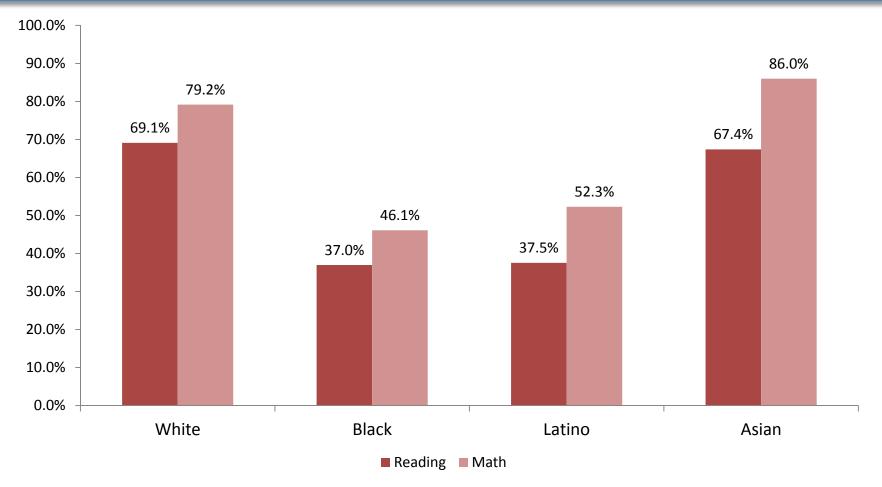
## Reading and math scores have slowly improved since testing standards changed in 2010.



% of 3-8 graders scoring at or above grade level in state reading and math tests



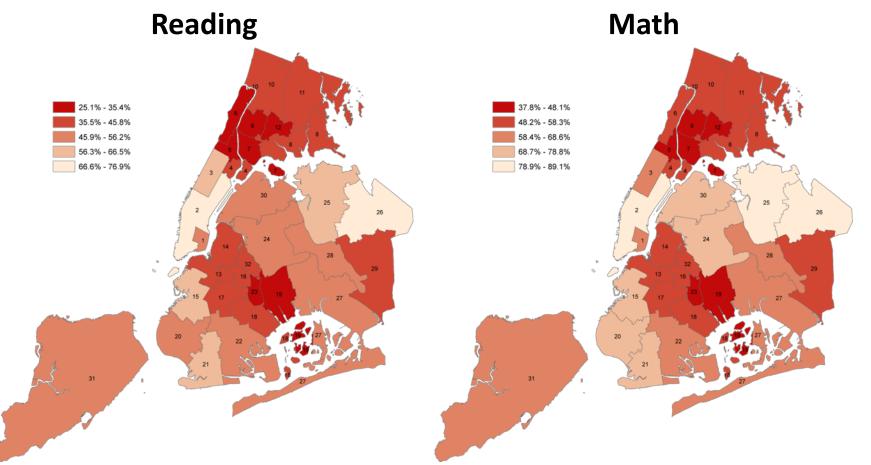
## But there are significant disparities among racial/ethnic groups...



% of 3-8 graders scoring at or above grade level in state reading and math tests



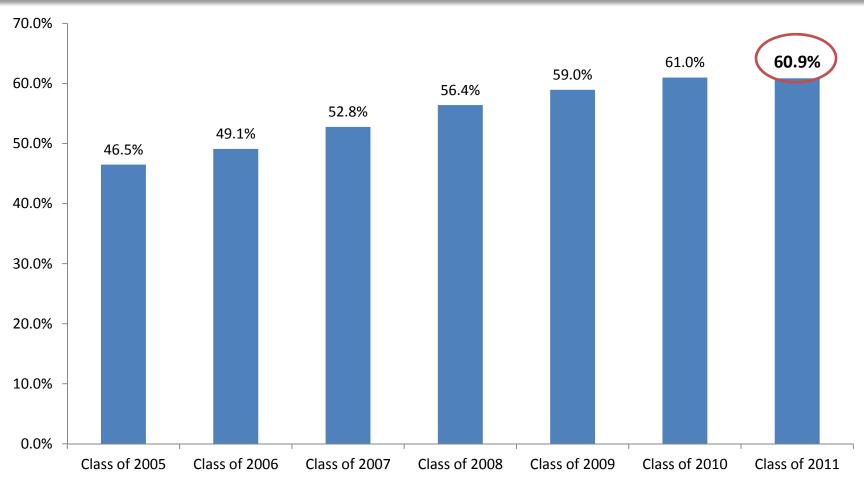
## ... and across neighborhood school districts.



% of 3-8 graders scoring at or above grade level in state reading and math tests



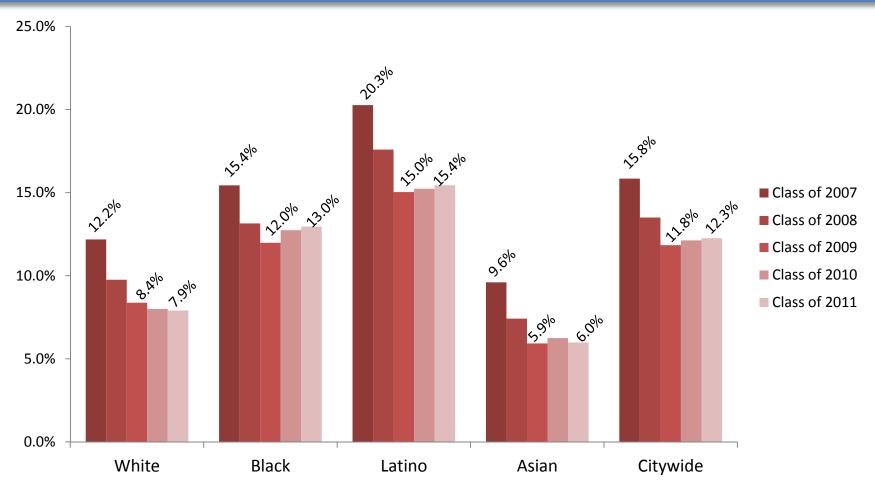
## Graduation rates show improvement over the last several years.

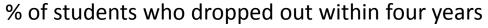






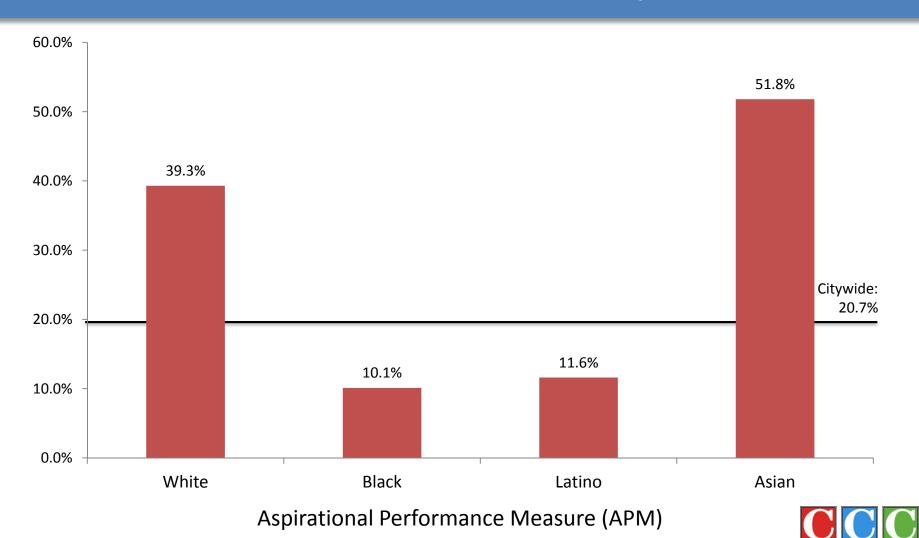
## Dropout rates have begun to rise slightly, with disparities persisting among racial/ethnic groups.

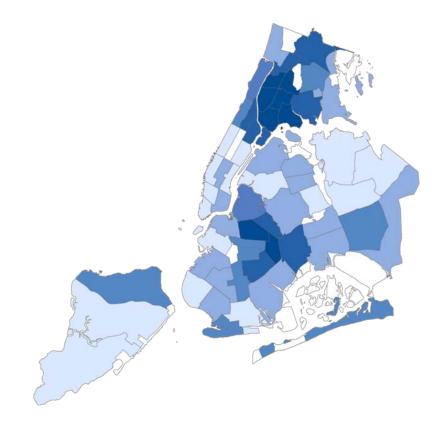






## College readiness metric illustrates continued racial/ethnic disparities.





**Keeping Track** 

### **CONCENTRATIONS OF RISK**

## Research tells us that multiple risk factors have a cumulative effect.

One risk has a negligible effect on well-being

Two or three risks increase the chance of damaging outcomes by four

Four or more risks increase the chance of damaging outcomes by ten



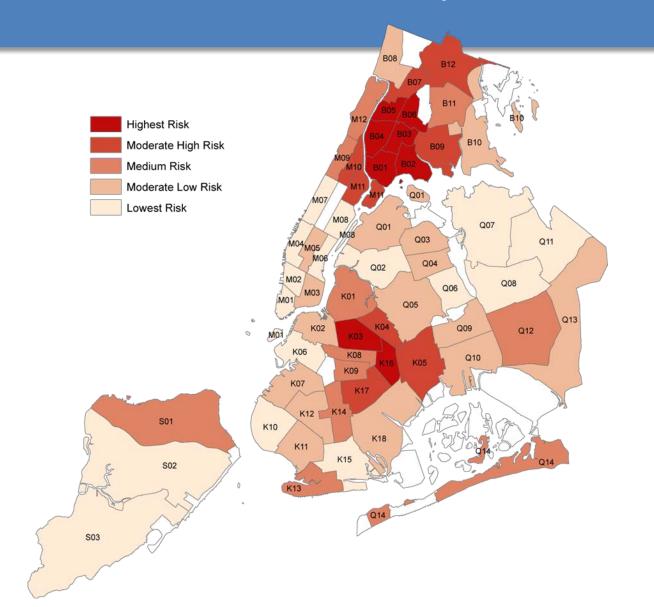
# We look at risks by community across multiple dimensions of well-being...

<b>Economic Conditions</b>	Health	Youth	Housing
Median HH Income Unemployment Poverty Community Wealth	Infant Mortality Low Birthweight Prenatal Care Health Insurance	Teen Idleness Teen Births Youth Arrests	Housing Conditions Homeless Families Rent Burden Home Ownership

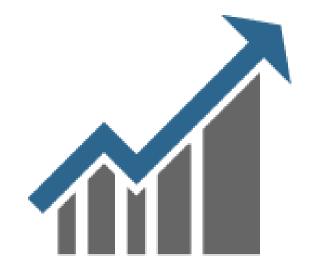
Community Life	Safety	Education	Environment
Crime Parks & Open Space	Violent Crime Child Abuse Foster Care	Reading & Math Scores Special Education Students	High Blood Lead Levels Asthma Hospitalizations



### ... and rank community districts.



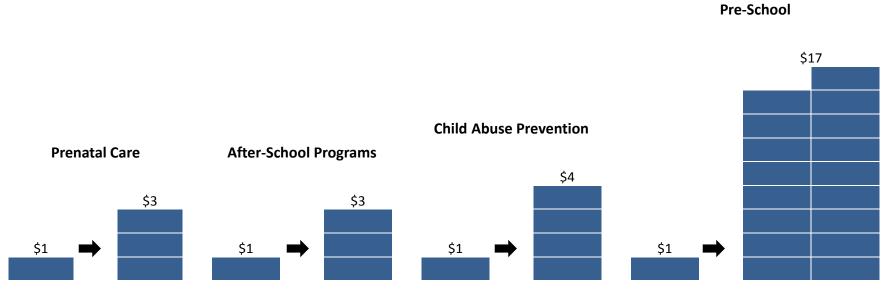




**Keeping Track** 

# PROGRAMS & SERVICES TO SUPPORT CHILDREN

## And yet, we know what works to provide better outcomes for children.



A \$1 investment results in \$3 savings in the cost of care for low-weight babies.

A \$1 investment results in \$3 savings for participants and taxpayers.

A \$1 investment results in \$4 savings in hospital costs resulting from child abuse.

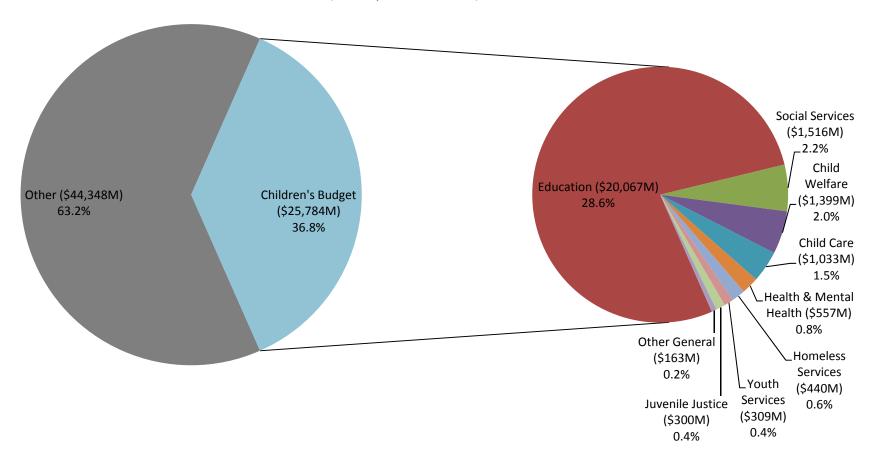
A \$1 investment results in a \$17 return in earnings and public savings.



### The children's budget

#### New York City Fiscal Year 2013 Budget: \$70,131,884,104

(as adopted June 2012)



### Mayor's FY14 Preliminary Budget

- \$70.1 billion
- Closes a \$1.1 billion gap
- Cutting \$217.9- million in essential children's services
  - Child Care
  - After-school
  - Runaway and Homeless Youth Services
  - Infant Mortality Prevention
  - Zero to Five Mental Health treatment
  - Among others



#### Governor's State FY13-14 Executive Budget

- \$136.5 billion budget
- Closes a gap of \$1.3 billion
- ✓ Expands UPK
- ✓ Increases the Minimum Wage
- ✓ Continues Juvenile Justice Reforms
- But still cutting:
  - After-school Programs
  - Runaway and Home Youth Services
  - Child Welfare Services (including CASA, post-adoption services, programs for sexually exploited youth)
  - Nurse-Family Partnership



#### November 2013

- Mayoral Election
- Citywide Races: Comptroller, Public Advocate
- Borough Presidents
- Council Races



#### Take Action!

- New Yorkers must Collectively impress on government officials that we expect resources for essential services to be protected now, more so than ever.
- To Influence:
  - State & City Budget in the Short Term
  - Mayoral Candidate Priorities in Long Term

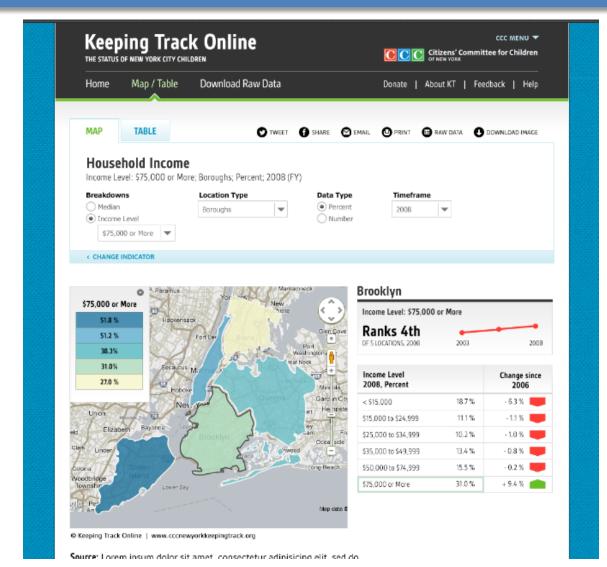


## Keeping Track is a tool for overcoming barriers to well-being...

- EVERY child must have access to the fundamental services that support success in school and in life.
- Zip codes should not influence outcomes for our city's children; more attention must be paid to the needs of children and families in communities where barriers to child wellbeing are the greatest.



## ... with new tools yet to come...



Coming Spring 2013





### Lend Your Voice to NYC's Children

- ✓ Stay updated on the latest news and info at <a href="https://www.cccnewyork.org">www.cccnewyork.org</a>
- ☑ Join the conversation and help spread the word



Facebook @CCCNewYork



Twitter @CCCNewYork

☑ Sign on to CCC's e-action network to join us in writing to federal, state and local elected officials





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